LEX ACADEMY by ANUSHRI GAUR

UPSC LAW OPTIONAL TEST SERIES

(3 part test series)

PREPARE WITH PURPOSE. PRESENT YOURSELF WITH CONFIDENCE

I. MID-LENGTH TESTS (MLTs)

8 Test | ~ 10 to15 Questions per test: 10 Marks | 15 Marks | 20 Marks

MLT FOCUS

- Major themes & core concepts with high repeat probability.
- Identify the legal issues involved in a question.
- Build structure: introduction → law → case law → application → conclusion.

THE MLT GOAL

- Practise within prescribed UPSC time limits.
- Build speed, precision and answer-writing consistency.
- Learn how to write a good answer—not merely test the entire syllabus.

II. FULL-LENGTH TESTS

Complete syllabus • UPSC-style selection • Prioritisation • Examination strategy

FULL-LENGTH TEST 1 — PAPER I

- 28 questions
- 19 questions to be attempted
- Complete Paper I syllabus

FULL-LENGTH TEST 2 — PAPER II

- 28 questions
- 19 questions to be attempted
- Complete Paper II syllabus

FULL-LENGTH OBJECTIVE: Integrate the syllabus, select the best scoring opportunities, manage the complete paper, switch between subjects, and perform under exam pressure.

III. MOCK SIMULATOR

MOCK SIMULATOR — PAPER I

- 28 questions
- 19 questions to be attempted
- Complete Paper I syllabus
- Full examination simulation

MOCK SIMULATOR — PAPER II

- 28 questions
- 19 questions to be attempted
- Complete Paper II syllabus
- Full examination simulation

MOCK SIMULATOR = FINAL EXAM-READINESS

SELECT Choose high-confidence, high-scoring questions under time pressure.

ALLOCATE Balance time across 10-, 15- and 20-mark questions.

SUSTAIN Maintain answer quality, stamina and strategy throughout the paper.

THE PROGRESSION

MLTs → BUILD | FULL-LENGTH → INTEGRATE | MOCK → SIMULATE

ULTIMATE OBJECTIVE

Move from KNOWING THE LAW → WRITING GOOD ANSWERS → STRATEGICALLY CONVERTING KNOWLEDGE INTO MARKS.

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Test Name	Topics covered
Mid Length Test 1	Constitution and Constitutionalism: The distinctive features of the Constitution. Fundamental Rights—Public interest litigation; Legal Aid; Legal services authority. Relationship between Fundamental rights, Directive principles and Fundamental duties. Constitutional Position of the President and relation with the Council of Ministers. Governor and his powers. Supreme Court and the High Courts. (a) Appointments and transfers (b) Powers, functions and jurisdiction Centre, States and Local bodies: (a) Distribution of legislative powers between the Union and the States. (b) Local Bodies (c) Administrative relationship among Union, State and Local Bodies. (d) Eminent domain-State property-common property-community property Legislative powers, privileges and immunities
Mid Length Test 2	Services under the Union and the States: (a) Recruitment and conditions of services; Constitutional safeguards; Administrative tribunals. (b) Union Public Service Commission and State Public Service Commissions—Power and Functions (c) Election Commission—Power and functions. Emergency provisions. Amendment of the Constitution. Principle of Natural Justice—Emerging Trends and Judicial Approach Delegated legislation and its constitutionality. Separation of powers and constitutional governance Judicial review of administrative action. Ombudsman: Lokayukta, Lokpal etc
Mid Length Test 3	Nature and Definition of International Law Relationship between International Law and Municipal Law State Recognition and State Succession Law of the sea: Inland Waters, Territorial Sea, Contiguous Zone, Continental Shelf, Exclusive Economic Zone and High Seas Individuals: Nationality, statelessness; Human Rights and procedures available for their enforcement Territorial jurisdiction of States, Extradition and Asylum Treaties: Formation, application, termination and reservation United Nations: Its principal organs, powers and functions and reform
Mid Length Test 4	Peaceful settlement of disputes—different modes Lawful recourse to force: aggressions, self-defence, intervention Fundamental principles of international humanitarian law—International conventions and contemporary developments Legality of the use of nuclear weapons; ban on testing of nuclear weapons; Nuclear non-proliferation treaty, CTST International Terrorism, State sponsored terrorism, Hijacking, International Criminal Court. New International Economic Order and Monetary Law: WTO, TRIPS, GATT, IMF, World Bank. Protection and Improvement of the Human Environment: International Efforts
Mid Length Test 5	General principles of Criminal liability: mens rea and actus reus, mens rea in statutory offences. Kinds of punishment and emerging trends as to abolition of capital punishment. Preparations and criminal attempt. General exceptions. Joint and constructive liability. Abetment. Criminal conspiracy. Offences against the State Offences against public tranquility. Offences against human body. Offences against property. Offences against women. Defamation. Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988. Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955 and subsequent legislative developments. Plea bargaining
Mid Length Test 6	Nature and definition. Liability based upon fault and strict liability; Absolute liability.

	Vicarious liability including State Liability. General defences., Joint tort fessors. Remedies. Negligence. Defamation. Nuisance. Conspiracy. False imprisonment. Malicious prosecution. Consumer Protection Act, 1986
Mid Length Test 7	Nature and formation of contract/E-contract. Factors vitiating free consent. Void, voidable, illegal and unenforceable agreements. Performance and discharge of contracts. Quasi-contracts. Consequences of breach of contract. Contract of indemnity, guarantee and insurance. Contract of agency. Sale of goods and hire purchase. Formation and dissolution of partnership. Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881. Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996. Standard form contracts
Mid Length Test 8	Public Interest Litigation. Intellectual property rights—Concept, types/prospects. Information Technology Law including Cyber Laws—Concept, purpose/prospects. Competition Law—Concept, purpose/prospects. Alternate Dispute Resolution—Concept, types/prospects. Major statutes concerning environmental law. Right to Information Act. Trial by media
Full Length Test 1	Complete Paper I syllabus
Full Length Test 2	Complete Paper II syllabus
Simulator 1	Complete Paper I syllabus
Simulator 2	Complete Paper II syllabus